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Appendix 1

Table A1. Description of the six different forest types of the study, including their location, the whole range of canopy species with a diameter at height breast > 7.5 cm, species richness range and the number of plots selected in each forest type.

Forest type	Location	Coordinate	Canopy species (DBH ≥ 7.5 cm)	Dominant canopy trees (> 90% plot basal area)	Species richness range	No. of plots
Boreal	North Karelia region (Finland)	(62.6° N, 29.9° E)	<i>Alnus</i> sp., <i>Betula pendula</i> , <i>Betula pubescens</i> , <i>Picea abies</i> , <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , <i>Populus tremula</i> , <i>Salix caprea</i> , <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	<i>Betula</i> sp., <i>Picea abies</i> , <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> ,	1-7	28
Hemiboreal	Bialowieza Forest (Poland)	(52.7° N, 23.9° E)	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>Acer platanoides</i> , <i>B. pendula</i> , <i>Carpinus betulus</i> , <i>Corylus avellana</i> , <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> , <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> , <i>P. abies</i> , <i>P. sylvestris</i> , <i>P. tremula</i> , <i>Quercus robur</i> , <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> , <i>Tilia cordata</i> .	<i>B. pendula</i> , <i>Carpinus betulus</i> , <i>P. abies</i> , <i>P. sylvestris</i> , <i>Quercus robur</i>	2-6	43
Sub-continental temperate	Carpathian Mountains (Romania)	(47.6° N, 25.3° E)	<i>Abies alba</i> , <i>A. pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>Alnus</i> sp., <i>Betula</i> sp., <i>C. betulus</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>F. excelsior</i> , <i>P. abies</i> , <i>P. tremula</i> , <i>Ulmus minor</i>	<i>Abies alba</i> , <i>A. pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>P. abies</i>	1-6	28
Temperate	Hainich National Park (Germany)	(51.5° N, 10.2° E)	<i>Acer campestre</i> , <i>Acer platanoides</i> , <i>A. pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>Alnus glutinosa</i> , <i>Alnus incana</i> , <i>B. pendula</i> , <i>C. betulus</i> , <i>Crataegus</i> sp., <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>F. excelsior</i> , <i>P. abies</i> , <i>P. sylvestris</i> , <i>Prunus avium</i> , <i>Q. petraea</i> , <i>Q. robur</i> , <i>Quercus rubra</i> , <i>S. caprea</i> , <i>Sorbus torminalis</i> , <i>Tilia cordata</i> , <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i> , <i>Ulmus glabra</i>	<i>A. pseudoplatanus</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>F. excelsior</i> , <i>P. abies</i> , <i>Q. petraea</i>	1-7	38
Temperate Mediterranean	Southern Central Tuscany (Italy)	(43° N, 11° E)	<i>A. campestre</i> , <i>Acer monspessulanum</i> , <i>Arbutus unedo</i> , <i>C. betulus</i> , <i>Castanea sativa</i> , <i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i> , <i>Corylus avellana</i> , <i>F. sylvatica</i> , <i>Fraxinus ornus</i> , <i>Ilex aquifolium</i> , <i>Ostrya carpinifolia</i> , <i>P. tremula</i> , <i>P. avium</i> , <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> , <i>Quercus cerris</i> , <i>Quercus crenata</i> , <i>Quercus ilex</i> , <i>Q. petraea</i> , <i>Quercus pubescens</i> , <i>Sorbus domestica</i> , <i>S. torminalis</i> , <i>T. cordata</i>	<i>Castanea sativa</i> , <i>Ostrya carpinifolia</i> , <i>Quercus cerris</i> , <i>Quercus ilex</i> , <i>Q. petraea</i>	1-10	36
Continental Mediterranean	Alto Tajo Natural Park (Spain)	(40.7° N, -1.9° E)	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i> , <i>Crataegus</i> sp., <i>Juniperus communis</i> , <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> , <i>Juniperus phoenicia</i> , <i>Juniperus</i> sp., <i>Juniperus thurifera</i> , <i>Pinus nigra</i> , <i>P. sylvestris</i> , <i>Quercus faginea</i> , <i>Q. ilex</i> , <i>Viburnum</i> sp.	<i>Pinus nigra</i> , <i>P. sylvestris</i> , <i>Quercus faginea</i> , <i>Q. ilex</i>	1-7	36

Table A3. Mean trait values used for calculating functional diversity indexes. Mean values obtained from global databases: TRY (Kattge et al. 2011), LEDA (Kleyer et al. 2008), KEW (“Royal Botanic Gardens Kew.” 2019), BioFlor (Kühn et al. 2004) and literature (e.g. shade tolerance trait values from Niinemets and Valladares (2006)). MH: maximum height (m). Sm: seed mass (g). SLA: specific leaf area ($\text{mm}^2 \text{mg}^{-1}$). WD: wood density (g cm^{-3}). ST: shade tolerance ranging from 0 (no tolerance) to 5 (maximal tolerance).

Species	MH	SM	SLA	WD	ST	Forest type
<i>Alnus incana</i>	11.80	0.00	17.34	0.55	2.30	Boreal
<i>Betula pendula</i>	26.20	0.00	14.28	0.56	2.03	Boreal
<i>Betula pubescens</i>	21.90	0.00	14.39	0.65	1.85	Boreal
<i>Picea abies</i>	26.00	0.01	3.01	0.46	4.45	Boreal
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	25.60	0.01	2.86	0.47	1.67	Boreal
<i>Populus tremula</i>	18.80	0.00	15.33	0.45	2.22	Boreal
<i>Salix caprea</i>	14.50	0.00	14.40	0.45	2.16	Boreal
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	8.90	0.00	13.90	0.70	2.73	Boreal
<i>Acer campestre</i>	23.20	0.11	13.80	0.65	3.18	Temperate
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	31.30	0.13	18.30	0.65	4.20	Temperate
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	35.20	0.10	22.18	0.55	3.73	Temperate
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	22.80	0.00	14.58	0.55	2.71	Temperate
<i>Alnus incana</i>	10.50	0.00	20.11	0.55	2.30	Temperate
<i>Betula pendula</i>	26.60	0.00	13.66	0.54	2.03	Temperate
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	33.00	0.05	25.90	0.75	3.97	Temperate
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	6.90	0.10	11.70	0.57	1.93	Temperate
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	39.10	0.25	26.68	0.60	4.56	Temperate
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	42.40	0.07	13.92	0.65	2.66	Temperate
<i>Picea abies</i>	36.40	0.01	4.25	0.32	4.45	Temperate
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	27.10	0.01	3.78	0.48	1.67	Temperate
<i>Prunus avium</i>	16.10	0.19	10.10	0.55	3.33	Temperate
<i>Quercus petraea</i>	37.80	0.99	13.63	0.59	2.73	Temperate
<i>Quercus robur</i>	35.10	3.36	14.67	0.65	2.45	Temperate
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	34.30	3.69	16.00	0.42	2.75	Temperate
<i>Salix caprea</i>	17.70	0.00	14.40	0.45	2.16	Temperate
<i>Sorbus torminalis</i>	21.30	0.03	35.73	0.75	3.38	Temperate
<i>Tilia cordata</i>	27.40	0.04	27.17	0.45	4.18	Temperate
<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	26.20	0.15	26.99	0.45	4.00	Temperate
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	27.40	0.01	28.13	0.65	3.53	Temperate
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	27.90	0.13	18.30	0.65	4.20	Hemiboreal
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	11.60	0.10	16.17	0.55	3.73	Hemiboreal
<i>Betula pendula</i>	43.30	0.00	15.18	0.54	2.03	Hemiboreal
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	33.80	0.05	25.90	0.75	3.97	Hemiboreal
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	17.30	0.81	22.66	0.49	3.53	Hemiboreal
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	22.50	0.25	22.19	0.60	4.56	Hemiboreal
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	34.10	0.07	13.92	0.65	2.66	Hemiboreal
<i>Picea abies</i>	40.20	0.01	4.25	0.32	4.45	Hemiboreal
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	41.70	0.01	3.53	0.48	1.67	Hemiboreal
<i>Populus tremula</i>	35.60	0.00	15.33	0.45	2.22	Hemiboreal
<i>Quercus robur</i>	42.50	3.36	14.67	0.65	2.45	Hemiboreal
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	11.20	0.00	13.90	0.70	2.73	Hemiboreal
<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	26.80	0.09	27.08	0.45	4.00	Hemiboreal
<i>Abies alba</i>	43.60	0.07	4.78	0.45	4.60	Subcontinental temperate

<i>Acer_pseudoplatanus</i>	39.70	0.10	12.67	0.55	3.73	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Alnus_glutinosa</i>	22.90	0.00	17.34	0.55	2.30	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Betula_pendula</i>	18.20	0.00	14.34	0.53	2.03	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Carpinus_betulus</i>	20.70	0.05	25.90	0.75	3.97	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Fagus_sylvatica</i>	42.80	0.25	19.35	0.58	4.56	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Fraxinus_excelsior</i>	32.00	0.07	13.92	0.65	2.66	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Picea_abies</i>	45.50	0.01	4.35	0.36	4.45	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Populus_tremula</i>	27.70	0.00	15.33	0.45	2.22	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Ulmus_minor</i>	31.30	0.01	26.07	0.65	1.20	Subcontinental temperate
<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	3.20	0.01	7.03	0.21	4.05	Continental mediterranean
<i>Crataegus_monogyna</i>	3.90	0.10	11.70	0.46	1.93	Continental mediterranean
<i>Juniperus_communis</i>	4.50	0.03	6.28	0.65	1.71	Continental mediterranean
<i>Juniperus_oxycedrus</i>	5.50	0.29	5.84	0.55	1.67	Continental mediterranean
<i>Juniperus_phoenicia</i>	4.50	0.02	6.06	0.55	1.84	Continental mediterranean
<i>Juniperus_thurifera</i>	8.10	0.04	5.95	0.53	1.68	Continental mediterranean
<i>Pinus_nigra</i>	20.70	0.02	3.62	0.42	2.10	Continental mediterranean
<i>Pinus_sylvestris</i>	23.50	0.01	2.89	0.43	1.67	Continental mediterranean
<i>Quercus_faginea</i>	16.80	1.87	11.87	0.59	3.13	Continental mediterranean
<i>Quercus_ilex</i>	11.50	2.31	4.36	0.82	3.02	Continental mediterranean
<i>Viburnum_opulus</i>	5.70	0.03	16.75	0.40	2.66	Continental mediterranean
<i>Acer_campestre</i>	9.70	0.11	13.11	0.65	3.18	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Acer_monspessulanum</i>	11.90	0.12	12.24	0.61	2.66	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Arbutus_unedo</i>	14.90	0.00	8.19	0.29	2.66	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Carpinus_betulus</i>	20.10	0.05	27.42	0.75	3.97	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Castanea_sativa</i>	24.10	7.65	14.70	0.50	3.15	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Chamaecyparis_lawsoniana</i>	13.40	0.00	7.17	0.45	3.67	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Corylus_avellana</i>	16.60	0.81	32.13	0.49	3.53	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Fagus_sylvatica</i>	12.20	0.25	22.10	0.66	4.56	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Fraxinus_ornus</i>	25.30	0.04	17.50	0.20	3.02	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Ilex_aquifolium</i>	15.00	0.03	6.85	0.41	3.86	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Ostrya_carpinifolia</i>	27.50	0.01	25.50	0.77	3.94	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Populus_tremula</i>	21.70	0.00	15.33	0.45	2.22	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Prunus_avium</i>	10.60	0.19	10.10	0.55	3.33	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Pseudotsuga_menziesii</i>	17.80	0.02	7.16	0.43	2.78	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Quercus_cerris</i>	33.70	4.21	14.80	0.70	2.55	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Quercus_crenata</i>	15.20	4.21	10.00	0.70	2.55	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Quercus_ilex</i>	26.00	2.31	4.36	0.82	3.02	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Quercus_petraea</i>	29.30	0.99	13.42	0.66	2.73	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Quercus_pubescens</i>	10.90	0.63	14.48	0.64	2.31	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Sorbus_domestica</i>	17.10	0.03	9.90	0.84	3.53	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Sorbus_torminalis</i>	21.00	0.03	35.73	0.75	3.38	Mediterranean temperate
<i>Tilia_cordata</i>	10.10	0.04	27.17	0.45	4.18	Mediterranean temperate

Table A4. Summary table of the fitted generalized linear model assessing the effect of species richness, functional diversity and forest type on the mean number of intraspecific neighbors calculated for all species in all forests within a radius of 7.5 m. Data shown are the degrees of freedom (df), the LR test based on χ^2 statistic and the statistical significance level of model using type II ANOVA, the estimated coefficients for species richness (Coef.) and the coefficient of determination of the model R^2 .

	df	Coef.	LR χ^2	p-value
Intercept	-	2.35	-	-
Species richness	1	-0.09	21.731	***
Functional diversity	1	-0.06	7.864	**
Forest type	5	-	35.625	***
Richness \times Forest type	5	-	5.720	n.s
R^2		0.39		

Table A5. Results from the generalized linear models testing the effect of the species richness (SR) on the mean number of intraspecific neighbors calculated for pooling all species from all forests at different radius (from 3 m to 15 m). Bold figures highlight the ‘fine’ (3.5 m) and ‘medium’ (7.5 m) scale used in our study.

r	SR	LR χ^2	Pr ($>\chi^2$)
3.0	-0.010034	0.428	0.51300
3.5	-0.031876	3.826	0.05047
4.0	-0.042448	6.267	0.01230
4.5	-0.053953	9.329	0.00226
5.0	-0.061973	11.423	0.00073
5.5	-0.075316	15.989	0.00006
6.0	-0.085646	20.573	0.00001
6.5	-0.094433	23.852	0.00000
7.0	-0.102780	27.791	0.00000
7.5	-0.108526	30.700	0.00000
8.0	-0.114631	33.345	0.00000
8.5	-0.121728	35.789	0.00000
9.0	-0.128407	39.013	0.00000
9.5	-0.131783	40.260	0.00000
10.0	-0.136811	41.488	0.00000
10.5	-0.139874	41.638	0.00000
11.0	-0.143413	43.834	0.00000
11.5	-0.146331	45.587	0.00000
12.0	-0.149813	47.101	0.00000
12.5	-0.153164	48.726	0.00000
13.0	-0.154826	49.406	0.00000
13.5	-0.156151	49.443	0.00000
14.0	-0.160449	51.936	0.00000
14.5	-0.162660	53.277	0.00000
15.0	-0.163498	53.326	0.00000

Table A6. Optimum model and set of competing models ($\Delta AICc < 2$) testing the effect of species richness (SR), functional diversity (FD), the median value of the tree sizes measured as basal area (BA_{med.}), stand structure (SS: used as a proxy of the legacy of past management practices in each forest stand) and forest type (FT) on observed spatial pattern of trees (DR_K and DR_G) and statistic DR_{kmm} quantifying the spatial correlation in tree sizes. Df: degree of freedom, AICc = Akaike Information Criteria for limited sample sizes (AICc), $\Delta AICc$: difference in AICc between models and the optimum. Weight: Akaike weights can be interpreted as the probability that model is the best model for the observed data, given the candidate set of models. R^2 : coefficient of determination for the optimum model. (+): predictor included in the model.

	Intercept	SR	FD	BA _{med}	SS	FT	SR*SS	SR*FT	Df	AICc	$\Delta AICc$	Weight	R^2
<i>Medium scale</i>													
DR_K													
Model 1	-33.13			-2393	+	+			10	2664.3	0.00	0.516	0.53
Model 2	-92.11			-2685		+			8	2665.5	1.15	0.289	
Model 3	-50.22	+3.52		-2377	+	+			11	2666.3	1.95	0.195	
DR_G													
Model 1	-34.49		+2.30	-334.6		+			9	1980.7	0.00	0.298	0.37
Model 2	-38.97	+2.01		-335.0		+			9	1980.7	0.01	0.297	
Model 3	-31.77			-350.3		+			8	1981.1	0.41	0.243	
Model 4	-38.57	+1.38	+1.58	-329.0		+			10	1982.0	1.24	0.161	
DR_{kmm}													
Model 1	-109.80			ni	+	+			9	2392.9	0.00	0.341	0.12
Model 2	-131.70	+4.56		ni	+	+			10	2393.3	0.46	0.271	
Model 3	-118.30		+4.56	ni	+	+			10	2393.7	0.82	0.227	
Model 4	-69.94			ni		+			7	2394.4	1.50	0.161	
<i>Fine scale</i>													
DR_K													
Model 1	-87.05	+4.76		-790.0	+	+			11	2349.3	0.00	0.354	0.45
Model 2	-63.92			-811.9	+	+			10	2349.4	0.12	0.333	
Model 3	-70.30		+3.27	-789.8	+	+			11	2350.8	1.48	0.169	
Model 4	-124.30	+6.40		-923.0		+			9	2351.1	1.80	0.144	
DR_G													
Model 1	-29.42			-274.08	+	+			10	1854.5	0.00	0.222	0.50
Model 2	-34.89	+ 1.13		-268.89	+	+			11	1855.3	0.82	0.147	
Model 3	-45.41	+ 1.59		-305.09		+			9	1855.9	1.46	0.107	
Model 4	-31.13		+ 0.87	-268.18	+	+			11	1856.0	1.56	0.101	
Model 5	-42.79	+ 3.91		-240.64	+	+		+	16	1856.5	1.98	0.082	
DR_{kmm}													
Model 1	-92.12			ni	+	+			9	2288.5	0.00	0.277	0.10
Model 2	-100.40		+4.42	ni	+	+			10	2288.5	0.04	0.271	
Model 3	-64.17			ni		+			7	2289.0	0.58	0.207	
Model 4	-103.80	+2.42		ni	+	+			10	2289.9	1.40	0.138	
Model 5	-66.89		+2.748	ni		+			8	2290.3	1.89	0.108	

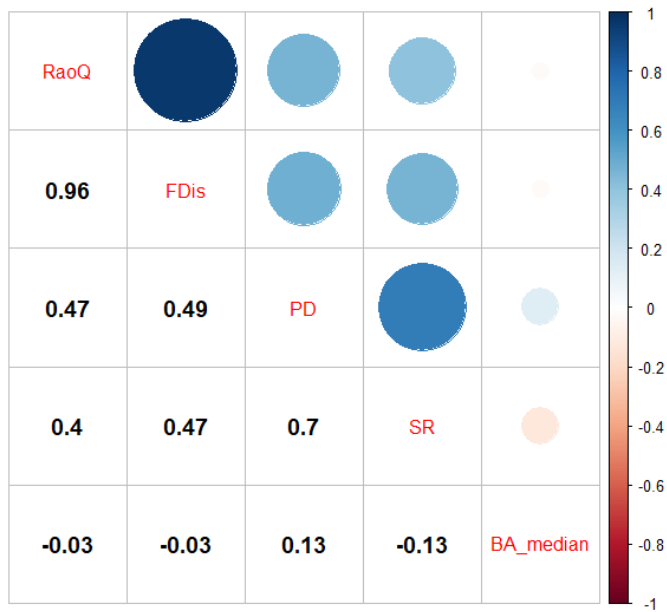


Figure A1. Correlation structure of the predictors. Spearman's rank correlation of variables is shown. Positive and negative correlation is indicated in blue and red circles, respectively. RaoQ index: Rao's quadratic entropy as a measure of functional diversity. FDis: functional dispersion. PD: phylogenetic diversity. SR: species richness and BA_median: median value of basal areas for each plot.

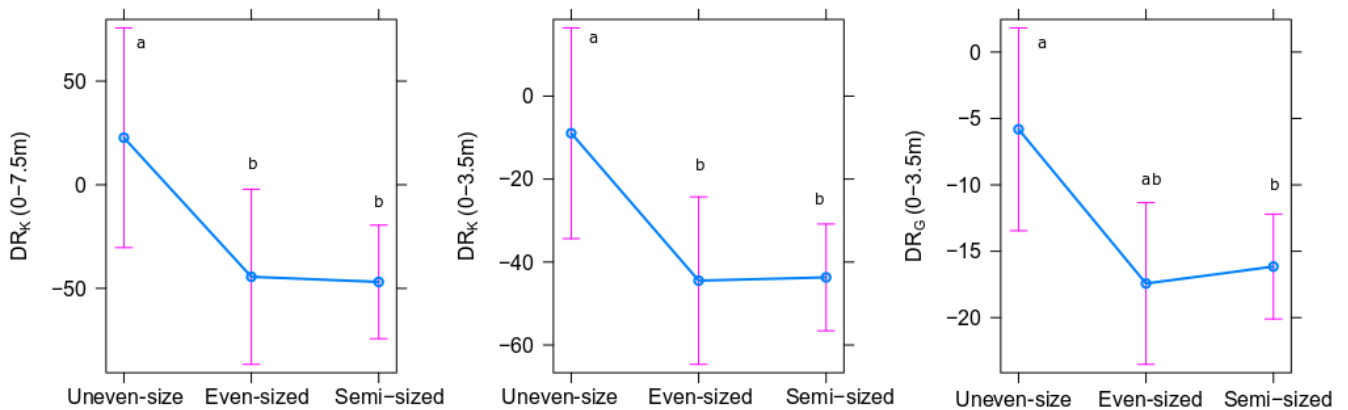


Figure A2. Statistics of DR_K (K-Ripley) and DR_G (nearest-neighbor) quantifying the net deviation of the observed spatial pattern from a random spatial pattern at two different scales [Fine: 0-3.5 m and medium: 0-7.5 m] for each forest stand structure type (used as a proxy of the legacy of past management practices). Letters indicate forest structures without significant differences in spatial pattern (Results from Tukey's post hoc tests). The graph DR_G at medium scale is not included as variable 'stand structure' was not selected in the best model (Table A6).

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