

de Arruda Almeida, B., Sebastián-González, E., dos Anjos, L., Green, A. J. and Botella, F. 2019. A functional perspective for breeding and wintering waterbird communities: temporal trends in species and trait diversity. – Oikos doi: 10.1111/oik.05903

## Appendix 1

Table A1. Species found in the study area and yearly mean abundances for the breeding and wintering periods.

Taxa	Common names	Yearly mean abundance	
		Wintering	Breeding
<b>ANSERIFORMES</b>			
<b>Anatidae</b>	<b>Ducks, geese, swans</b>		
<i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>	White-headed duck	374	49
<i>Anser anser</i>	Greylag goose	6	0
<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	Common shelduck	1,054	13
<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>	Marbled teal	21	35
<i>Netta rufina</i>	Red-crested pochard	4,819	259
<i>Aythya ferina</i>	Common pochard	2,802	252
<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	Tufted duck	45	0
<i>Aythya nyroca</i>	Ferruginous duck	2	0
<i>Spatula querquedula</i>	Garganey	1	1
<i>Spatula clypeata</i>	Northern shoveler	14,319	2
<i>Mareca strepera</i>	Gadwall	155	24
<i>Mareca penelope</i>	Eurasian wigeon	814	0
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Mallard	12,335	2142
<i>Anas acuta</i>	Northern pintail	797	0
<i>Anas crecca</i>	Common teal	2,951	0
<b>PODICIPEDIFORMES</b>			
<b>Podicipedidae</b>	<b>Grebes</b>		
<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	Little grebe	650	435
<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	Great crested grebe	91	97
<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>	Black-necked grebe	1,010	305
<b>Phoenicopteridae</b>	<b>Flamingos</b>		
<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	Greater flamingo	1,958	56

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<b>GRUIFORMES</b>			
<b>Rallidae</b>	<b>Rails, gallinules, coots</b>		
<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	Purple swamphen	121	180
<i>Fulica cristata</i>	Red-knobbed coot	9	4
<i>Fulica atra</i>	Common coot	5,726	826
<b>PELECANIFORMES</b>			
<b>Threskiornithidae</b>	<b>Ibises, spoonbills</b>		
<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	Eurasian spoonbill	10	0
<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	Glossy ibis	584	68
<b>Ardeidae</b>	<b>Hérons</b>		
<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>	Common little bittern	4	247
<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	Black-crowned night-heron	110	231
<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>	Squacco heron	2	279
<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	Cattle egret	4,536	3,149
<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Grey heron	2,018	504
<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	Purple heron	0	118
<i>Ardea alba</i>	Great white egret	58	0
<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Little egret	3,709	1,542
<b>CHARADRIIFORMES</b>			
<b>Phalacrocoracidae</b>	<b>Cormorants</b>		
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	Great cormorant	4112	0
<b>SULIFORMES</b>			
<b>Burhinidae</b>	<b>Thick-knees</b>		
<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>	Eurasian thick-knee	94	4
<b>Recurvirostridae</b>	<b>Avocets, stilts</b>		
<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	Pied avocet	716	562
<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Black-winged stilt	311	1,204
<b>Charadriidae</b>	<b>Plovers</b>		
<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	Grey plover	53	0
<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>	Eurasian golden plover	910	0
<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	Common ringed plover	42	0
<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Little ringed plover	17	88
<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	Kentish plover	179	453
<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	Northern lapwing	4,454	2
<b>Scolopacidae</b>	<b>Sandpipers, snipes, phalaropes</b>		
<i>Numenius arquata</i>	Eurasian curlew	7	0

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<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	Bar-tailed godwit	3	0
<i>Limosa limosa</i>	Black-tailed godwit	377	0
<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	Ruddy turnstone	8	0
<i>Calidris pugnax</i>	Ruff	63	0
<i>Calidris alba</i>	Sanderling	103	0
<i>Calidris alpina</i>	Dunlin	873	0
<i>Calidris minuta</i>	Little stint	458	0
<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	Common snipe	458	0
<i>Lymnocyptes minutus</i>	Jack snipe	1	0
<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Common sandpiper	9	0
<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	Green sandpiper	22	0
<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	Spotted redshank	33	0
<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	Common greenshank	27	0
<i>Tringa totanus</i>	Common redshank	48	0
<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Wood sandpiper	8	0
<b>Glareolidae</b>	<b>Coursers, pratincoles</b>		
<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	Collared pratincole	0	214
<b>Laridae</b>	<b>Gulls, terns, skimmers</b>		
<i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i>	Little gull	2	0
<i>Larus genei</i>	Slender-billed gull	177	312
<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	Black-headed gull	30,502	1,165
<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>	Mediterranean gull	57	109
<i>Larus audouinii</i>	Audouin's gull	386	934
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	Lesser black-backed gull	2,538	0
<i>Larus michahellis</i>	Yellow-legged gull	3,845	0
<i>Larus cachinnans</i>	Caspian gull	0	119
<i>Sternula albifrons</i>	Little tern	0	404
<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	Common gull-billed tern	0	460
<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	Whiskered tern	3	618
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	Common tern	0	1,911
<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>	Sandwich tern	128	1,083
<b>ACCIPITRIFORMES</b>			
<b>Pandionidae</b>	<b>Osprey</b>		
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Osprey	4	0
<b>Accipitridae</b>	<b>Hawks, eagles</b>		
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	Long-winged Harrier	191	2

Table A2. General additive mixed modeling of alpha diversity through time for wintering and breeding waterbird communities in Valencian wetlands. Significant p-values are shown in bold.

	Estimated degrees of freedom	F statistics	p-value	Adj. R-square
Wintering SR	2.463	9.879	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.054
Wintering FRic	2.909	27.38	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.132
Wintering FEve	1	2.728	0.010	0.001
Wintering FDiv	1	0.685	0.409	-0.003
Wintering FDis	2.13	12.62	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.093
Breeding SR	1	48.71	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.134
Breeding FRic	1	24.67	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.099
Breeding FEve	2.327	1.716	0.280	0.019
Breeding FDiv	1	20.88	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.081
Breeding FDis	1	0.003	0.953	-0.003

Table A3. General additive mixed modeling of CWM through time for wintering and breeding waterbird communities in Valencian wetlands. Significant p-values are shown in bold.

	Estimated degrees of freedom	F statistics	p-value	Adj. R-square
Wintering – Invertebrate in diet	1	1.565	0.212	0.019
Wintering – Fish in diet	1	14.95	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.049
Wintering – Body mass	1	22.78	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.145
Wintering – Diet plasticity	1	1.934	0.165	0.006
Wintering – Strata plasticity	1	7.885	<b>0.005</b>	0.040
Breeding – Invertebrate in diet	1	13.35	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.089
Breeding – Fish in diet	1	21.17	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.073
Breeding – Body mass	1	11.03	<b>0.001</b>	0.056
Breeding – Diet plasticity	1	9.577	<b>0.002</b>	0.073
Breeding – Strata plasticity	1	4.47	<b>0.035</b>	0.032

Table A4. General additive modeling of spatial beta diversity through time for wintering and breeding waterbird communities in Valencian wetlands. Significant p-values are shown in bold.

	Estimated degrees of freedom	F statistics	p-value	Adj. R-square
Wintering taxonomic beta	2.324	6.227	<b>0.0036</b>	0.381
Wintering functional beta	4.789	5.856	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.894
Breeding taxonomic beta	4.742	18.19	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.8
Breeding functional beta	1	19.64	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.418

Table A5. General additive mixed modeling of beta diversity between wintering and breeding waterbirds through time in Valencian wetlands. Significant p-values are shown in bold.

	Estimated degrees of freedom	F statistics	p-value	Adj. R-square
Taxonomic beta	1	61.02	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.251
Functional beta	1	3.395	<b>0.066</b>	0.011

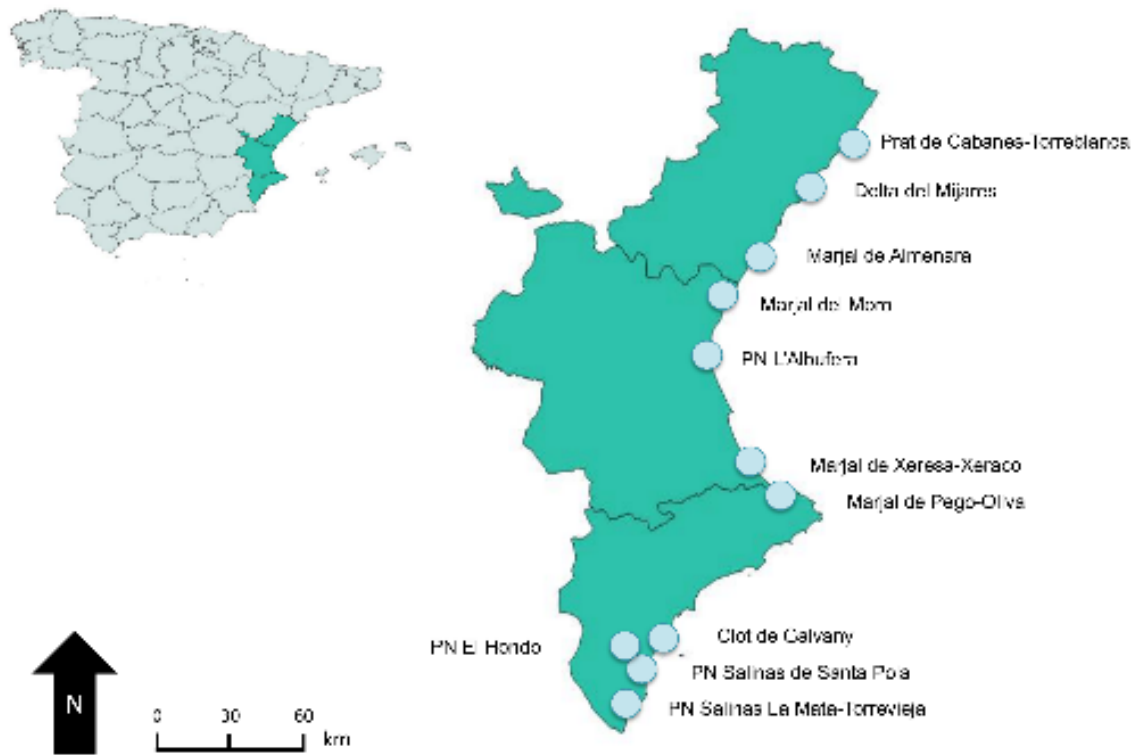


Figure A1. Map of the Valencian Community (SE Spain) showing the 11 protected wetlands used in the study.

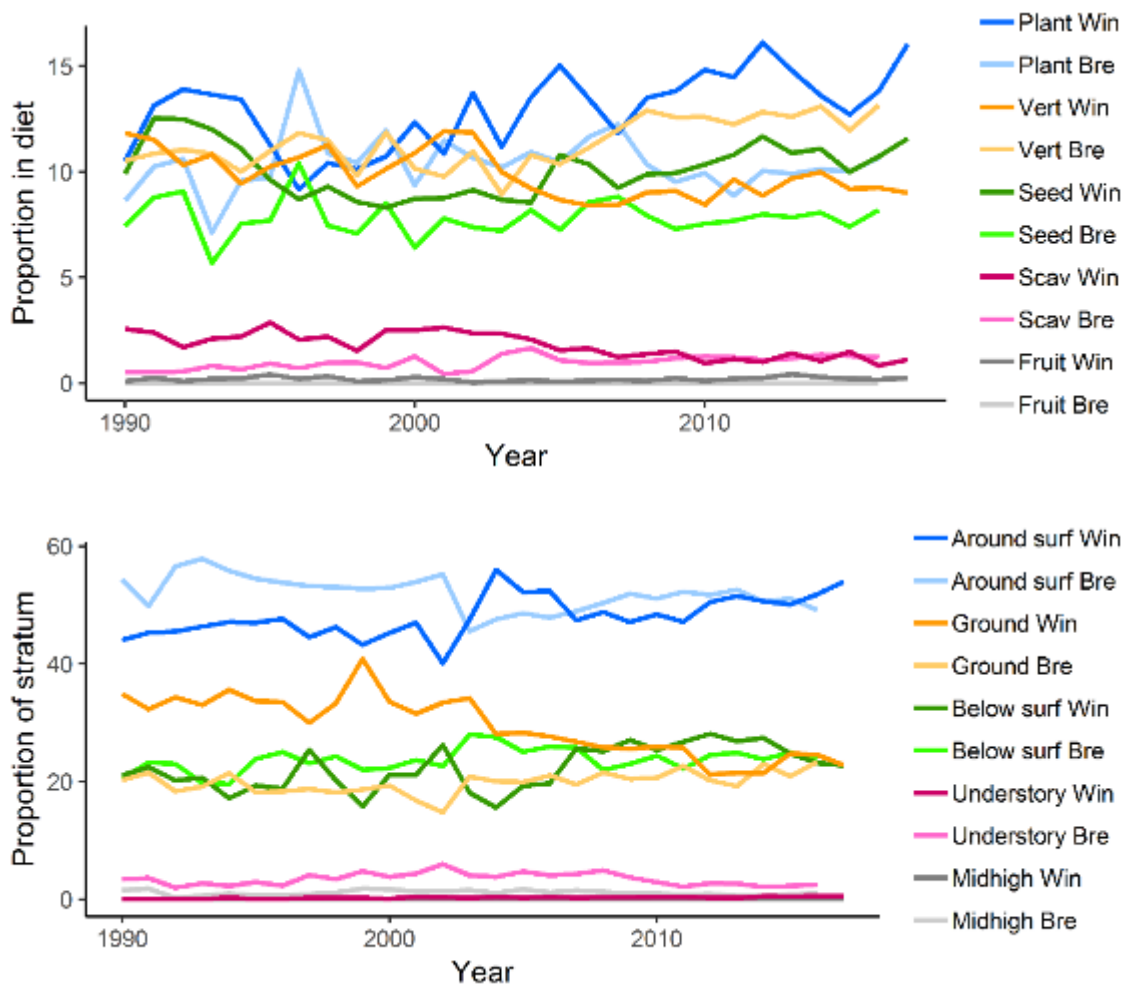


Figure A2. Mean CWM values per year of (a) proportions of items in the diet and (b) proportions of foraging strata for wintering and breeding waterbird communities in the Valencian wetlands. Plant: plant material; Vert: vertebrates; Scav: scavenge; Around surf: around surface; Below surf: below surface; Win: wintering; Bre: breeding.

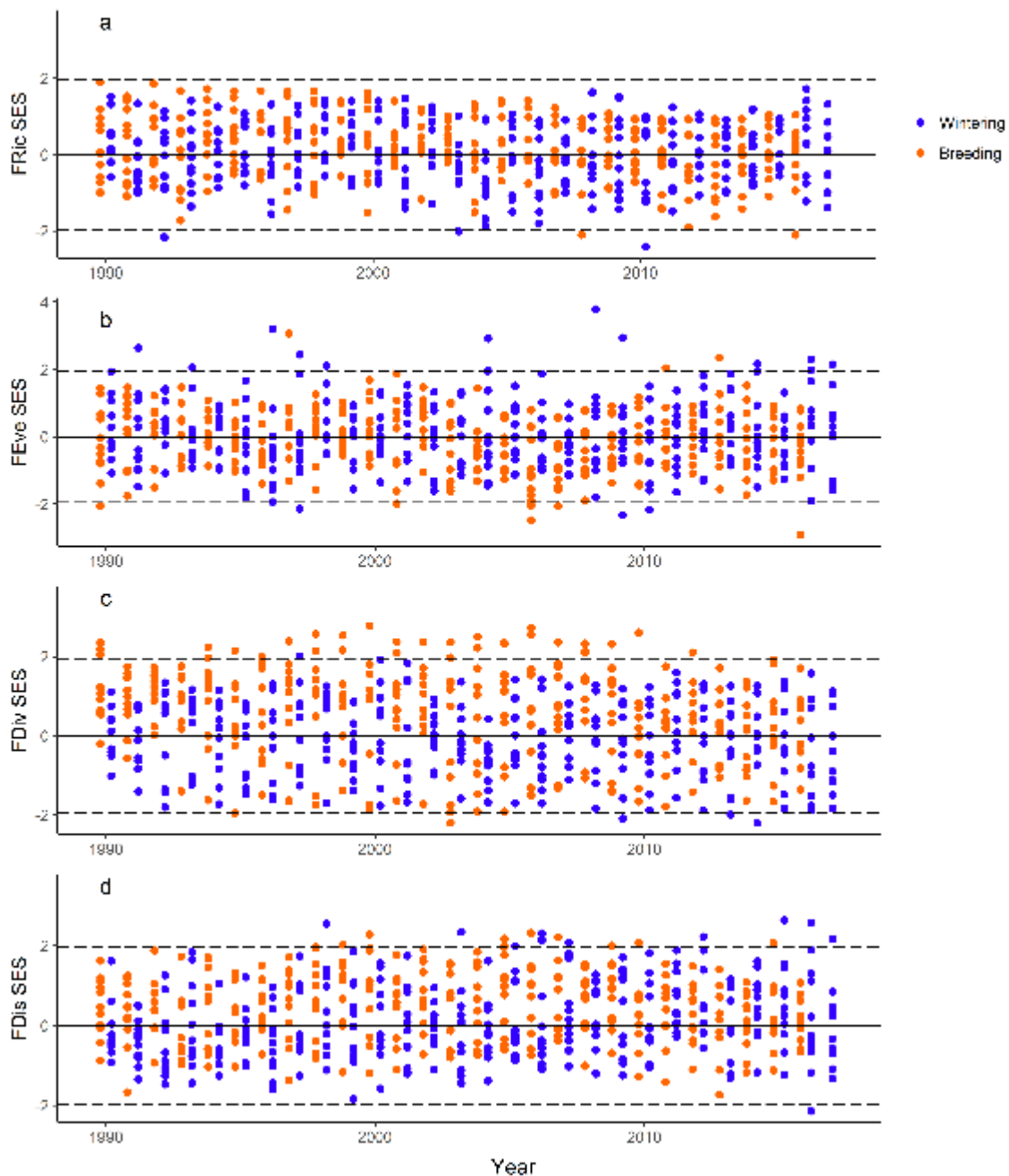


Figure A3. Standardized effect sizes for differences between observed and expected values in each community generated by null model 1 for (a) functional richness, (b) functional evenness, (c) functional divergence, and (d) functional dispersion. Points below the inferior dashed line or above the superior dashed line indicate statistically significant departures from the expected alpha functional diversity.



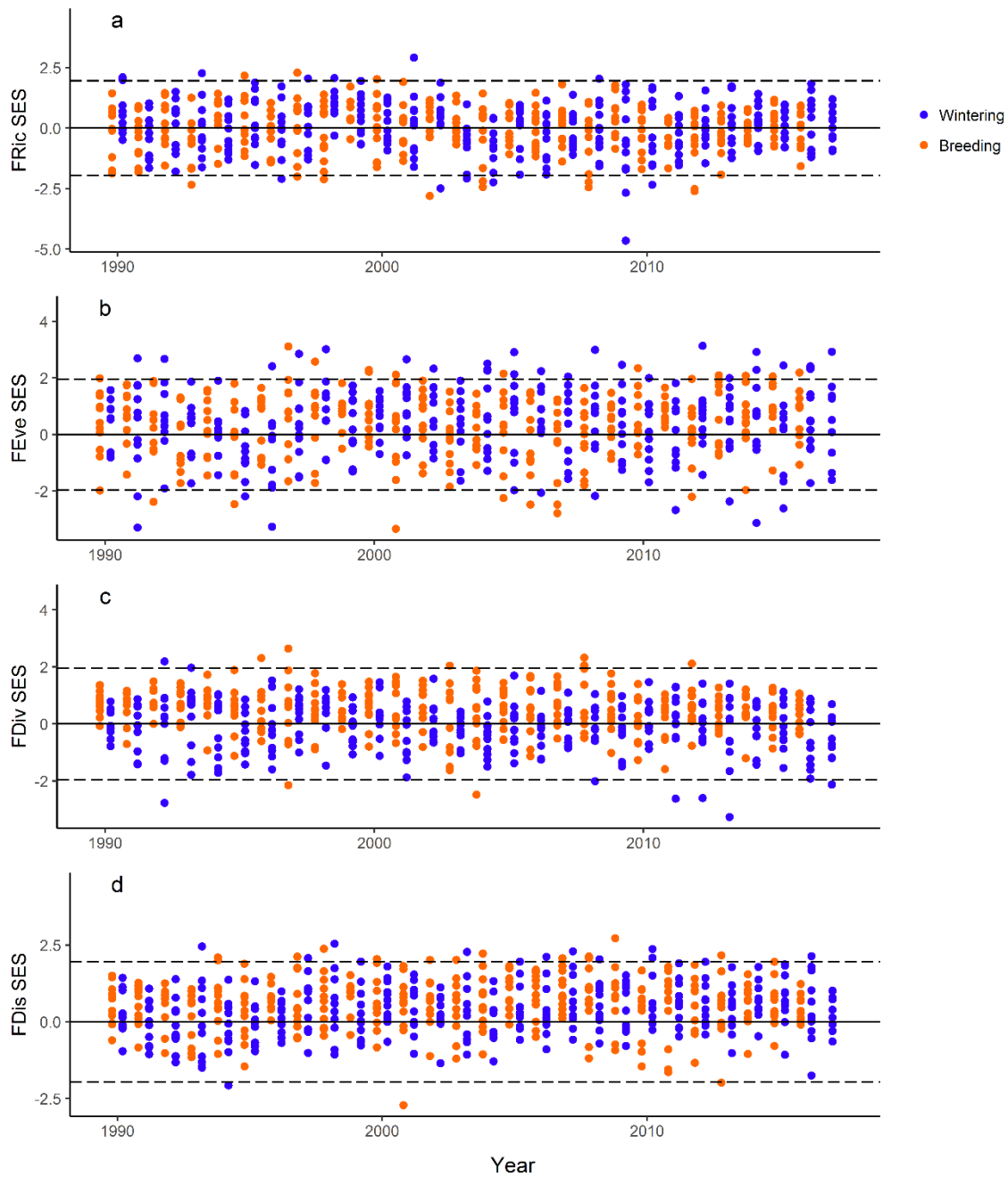


Figure A4. Standardized effect sizes for differences between observed and expected values in each community generated by null model 2 (retaining species richness and occurrence rates) for (a) functional richness, (b) functional evenness, (c) functional divergence, and (d) functional dispersion. Points below the inferior dashed line or above the superior dashed line indicate statistically significant departures from the expected alpha functional diversity.