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Appendix 1

Table A1. Species, geographic location and references used in the meta-analysis for: (a) stomatal conductance (g_s , $\text{mmol} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$), (b) percent loss of hydraulic conductivity (PLC) and (c) photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (F_v / F_m). Sign of effect summer-winter refers to the transition summer < winter (+), summer > winter (–) or summer = winter (=).

(a) Stomatal conductance (g_s)

Sites without summer drought

Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms			
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Oxfordshire, UK	Morecroft and Roberts 1999	–
<i>Acer sacharum</i>	Ashland, MO, USA	Loewenstein and Pallardy 1998	–
<i>Calycanthus floridus</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	Basel, Switzerland	Keel et al. 2007	–
<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Cercis siliquastrum</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Basel, Switzerland	Keel et al. 2007	–
<i>Fagus sylvatica f. purpurea</i>	Kiel, Germany	Hacke and Sauter 1995	–
<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Ashland, MO, USA	Loewenstein and Pallardy 1998	–
<i>Juglans regia</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Malus domestica</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Magnolia soulangeana</i>	Trieste, Italy	Nardini and Salleo 2000	–
<i>Quercus alba</i>	Ashland, MO, USA	Loewenstein and Pallardy 1998	–

	<i>Quercus petraea</i>	Basel, Switzerland	Keel et al. 2007	–
	<i>Quercus robur</i>	Oxfordshire, UK	Morecroft and Roberts 1999	–
	<i>Quercus serrata</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	–
Evergreen angiosperms				
	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	+
	<i>Camellia japonica</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Castanopsis cuspidata</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Eurya japonica</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	+
	<i>Ilex pedunculosa</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	+
	<i>Ilex pedunculosa</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	+
	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	Hokkaido, Japan	Yoshie and Kawano 1986	–
	<i>Photinia glabra</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Quercus glauca</i>	Kamigamo, Japan	Miyazawa and Kikuzwa 2005	–
	<i>Vaccinium bractearum</i>	Nagoya, Japan	Hiyama et al. 2005	–
Conifers				
	<i>Picea abies</i>	Lägeren, Switzerland	Falge et al. 1996	–
	<i>Picea glauca</i>	British Columbia, Canada	Binder and Fielder 1996	–
	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Västoman, Sweden	Strand et al. 2002	–
	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Joensuu, Finland	Wang 1996	–
	<i>Pinus taeda</i>	North Carolina, USA	Ellsworth 2000	–
	<i>Pinus taeda</i>	North Carolina, USA	Murthy et al. 1997	–
	<i>Pinus taeda</i>	Louisiana, USA	Tang et al. 2003	–

Sites with summer drought

Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms			
<i>Juglans regia</i>	California, USA	Rosati et al. 2006	–

<i>Prunus persica</i>	Aguas de Moura, Portugal	Correia et al. 1997	–
<i>Quercus douglasii</i>	Sierra Nevada, CA, USA	Xu and Baldocchi 2003	–
<i>Quercus faginea</i>	Salamanca, Spain	Mediavilla et al. 2002	–
<i>Quercus frainetto</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	–
<i>Quercus ithaburensis</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	–
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Tuscany, Italy	Tognetti et al. 1998	–
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	–
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Montpellier, France	Damesin and Rambal 1995	–
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Düsseldorf, Germany	Vogt and Lösch 1999	–
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Düsseldorf, Germany	Vogt and Lösch 1999	–
Evergreen angiosperms			
<i>Arbutus unedo</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Arctostaphylos glandulosa</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Boscia albitrunca</i>	Oena Mine, South Africa	Wand et al. 1999	+
<i>Ceanothus cuneatus</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Ceanothus megacarpus</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Ceanothus spinus</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Citrus albidus</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Citrus monspeliensis</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Citrus salvifolius</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Cneorum tricoccon</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	–
<i>Erica multiflora</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	+
<i>Erica multiflora</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Llorens et al. 2003	+
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	Katanning, Australia	White et al. 2000	+
<i>Eucalyptus leucoxylon</i>	Katanning, Australia	White et al. 2000	+
<i>Eucalyptus platypus</i>	Katanning, Australia	White et al. 2000	+
<i>Euclea pseudobenus</i>	Oena Mine, South Africa	Wand et al. 1999	–
<i>Globularia alypum</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	+
<i>Globularia alypum</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Llorens et al. 2003	+
<i>Hypericum balearicum</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	–

<i>Malosma laurina</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Sfax, Tunisia	Ben Ahmed et al. 2007	+
<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i>	Tarragona, Spain	Ogaya and Peñuelas 2003	+
<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	–
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Flexas et al. 2001	+
<i>Quercus berberidifolia</i>	California, USA	Jacobsen et al. 2008	–
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	+
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Tarragona, Spain	Ogaya and Peñuelas 2003	+
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
<i>Quercus suber</i>	Santiago do Cacém, Portugal	Oliveira et al. 1992	–
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	+
<i>Rhamnus ludovici-salvatoris</i>	Mallorca, Spain	Gulías et al. 2009	–
<i>Schotia afra</i>	Oena Mine, South Africa	Wand et al. 1999	–
<i>Tamarix usneoides</i>	Oena Mine, South Africa	Wand et al. 1999	–
Conifers			
<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
<i>Juniperus thurifera</i>	Guadalajara, Spain	Gimeno et al. 2012	+
<i>Pinus canariensis</i>	Tenerife, Spain	Peters et al. 2008	+
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	+
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Hebron, Israel	Maseyk et al. 2008	+
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	+
<i>Pinus palustris</i>	Georgia, USA	Addington et al. 2004	+
<i>Pinus pinea</i>	Northern Plateau, Spain	Pardos et al. 2010	+

(b) Percent loss of hydraulic conductivity (PLC)

Sites without summer drought

Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms			
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Vermont, USA	Sperry et al. 1988	+
<i>Alnus crispa</i>	Alaska, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Betula cordifolia</i>	Vermont, USA	Sperry 1993	+
<i>Betula occidentalis</i>	Utah, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Betula papyrifera var humilis</i>	Alaska, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	Vermont, USA	Sperry 1993	=
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Abetone, Italy	Magnani and Borghetti 1995	–
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Nancy, France	Cochard et al. 2001	+
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Nancy, France	Cochard et al. 1997	+
<i>Juglans regia</i>	Clermont-Ferrand, France	Améglio et al. 2002	+
<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	Alaska, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	Utah and Alaska, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Prunus persica</i>	Clermont-Ferrand, France	Améglio et al. 2002	+
<i>Quercus gambelii</i>	Utah, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Düsseldorf, Germany	Vogt 2001	+
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Düsseldorf, Germany	Vogt 2001	+
Evergreen angiosperms			
<i>Laurus nobilis</i>	Trieste, Italy	Gascó et al. 2007	+
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Venice, Italy	Nardini et al. 2000	+
<i>Rhododendron atawbiense</i>	Oregon and North Carolina	Cordero and Nilsen 2002	+
<i>Rhododendron maximum</i>	Oregon and North Carolina	Cordero and Nilsen 2002	+
Conifers			
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	Vermont, USA	Sperry 1993	+
<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i>	Utah, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+

<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2006	+
<i>Picea abies</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2006	+
<i>Picea abies</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2003	+
<i>Picea glauca</i>	Alaska, USA	Sperry et al. 1994	+
<i>Picea rubens</i>	Vermont, USA	Sperry 1993	+
<i>Pinus albicaulis</i>	Montana, USA	Sparks and Black 2000	+
<i>Pinus cembra</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2003	+
<i>Pinus cembra</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2006	+
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Idaho, USA	Sparks et al. 2001	+
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Idaho, USA	Sparks and Black 2000	+
<i>Pinus mugo</i>	Central Alps, Austria	Mayr et al. 2006	+
Sites with summer drought			
Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms			
<i>Alnus cordata</i>	Firence, Italy	Tognetti and Borghetti 1994	+
<i>Quercus afares</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	+
<i>Quercus faginea</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	+
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Tuscany, Italy	Tognetti et al. 1998	–
Evergreen angiosperms			
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	–
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Sicily, Italy	Nardini et al. 2000	+
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Tuscany, Italy	Tognetti et al. 1998	–
<i>Quercus suber</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	+
<i>Rhododendron macrophyllum</i>	Oregon and North Carolina, USA	Cordero and Nilsen 2002	+
Conifers			
<i>Abies grandis</i>	Washington, USA	McCulloh et al. 2011	+
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Washington, USA	McCulloh et al. 2011	+
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Washington, USA	McCulloh et al. 2011	+
<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>	Washington, USA	McCulloh et al. 2011	+

(c) Photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (F_v / F_m)

Sites without summer drought

Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms			
<i>Acer pensylvanicum</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2012	–
<i>Acer rubrum</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2003	–
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2004	–
<i>Betula populifolia</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2013	–
<i>Buchanania latifolia</i>	Junnan, China	Zhang et al. 2007	–
<i>Castanea dentata</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2014	–
<i>Cornus alternifolia</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2005	–
<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2015	–
<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2006	–
<i>Hamelia virginiana</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2016	–
<i>Ilex verticillata</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2017	–
<i>Populus grandidentata</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2018	–
<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2019	–
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2007	–
<i>Quercus robur</i>	Frankfurt, Germany	Brüggemann et al. 2009	–
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2008	–
<i>Symplocos racemosa</i>	Junnan, China	Zhang et al. 2007	–
<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2009	–
<i>Viburnum alnifolium</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2010	–
<i>Viburnum cassinoides</i>	Harvard Forest, MA, USA	Lee et al. 2011	–
Evergreen angiosperms			
<i>Cyclobalanopsis helferiana</i>	Junnan, China	Zhang et al. 2007	=
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Frankfurt, Germany	Brüggemann et al. 2009	–
<i>Rhododendron catawblense</i>	Iowa, USA	Wang et al. 2009	–
<i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i>	Innsbruck, Austria	Neuner and Pramsohler 2006	–

Conifers	<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>	Iowa, USA	Wang et al. 2009	—
	<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i>	Colorado, USA	Zarter et al. 2006	—
	<i>Picea abies</i>	Tyrolian Central Alps	Stecher et al. 1999	—
	<i>Picea abies</i>	Paris, France	Berveiller et al. 2007	—
	<i>Picea engelmannii</i>	Colorado, USA	Zarter et al. 2006	—
	<i>Picea morrisonicola</i>	Tatachia, Taiwan	Weng et al. 2005	—
	<i>Pinus armandi</i>	Guandaushi, Taiwan	Weng et al. 2006	—
	<i>Pinus cembra</i>	Innsbruck, Austria	Neuner and Pramsohler 2006	—
	<i>Pinus cembra</i>	Tyrolian Central Alps	Stecher et al. 1999	—
	<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Colorado, USA	Zarter et al. 2006	—
	<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	Colorado, USA	Zarter et al. 2006	—
	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Paris, France	Berveiller et al. 2007	—
	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Hyytiälä, Finland	Porcar-Castell et al. 2008	—
	<i>Pinus taiwanensis</i>	Tatachia and Guandaushi, Taiwan	Weng et al. 2009	—
	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Colorado, USA	Zarter et al. 2006	—
	<i>Taxus baccata</i>	Poznan, Poland	Robakowski and Wyka 2009	—

Sites with summer drought

	Species	Geographic location	Reference	Sign of effect summer–winter
Deciduous angiosperms				
	<i>Quercus afares</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	—
	<i>Quercus faginea</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	=
	<i>Quercus frainetto</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	—
	<i>Quercus ithaburensis</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	—
	<i>Quercus lobata</i>	California, USA	Mahall et al. 2009	—
	<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Montpellier, France	Damesin and Rambal 1995	—
	<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Thessaloniki, Greece	Siam et al. 2008	—
Evergreen angiosperms				
	<i>Arbutus andrachne</i>	Patras, Greece	Karavatas and Manetas 1999	—

	<i>Arbutus unedo</i>	Patras, Greece	Karavatas and Manetas 1999	–
	<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Guadalajara, Spain	Valladares et al. 2008	+
	<i>Erica multiflora</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	–
	<i>Erica multiflora</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Llorens et al. 2003	+
	<i>Globularia alypum</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	–
	<i>Globularia alypum</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Llorens et al. 2003	–
	<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Madrid, Spain	Valladares et al. 2005	–
	<i>Myrtus communis</i>	Huelva, Spain	Ain-Lhout et al. 2004	–
	<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Patras, Greece	Karavatas and Manetas 1999	–
	<i>Notofagus dombeyi</i>	Pichiquillaiepe, Chile	Zúñiga et al. 2006	+
	<i>Notofagus nitida</i>	Pichiquillaiepe, Chile	Zúñiga et al. 2006	–
	<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i>	Tarragona, Spain	Ogaya and Peñuelas 2003	–
	<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i>	Patras, Greece	Karavatas and Manetas 1999	–
	<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Huelva, Spain	Ain-Lhout et al. 2004	+
	<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Patras, Greece	Karavatas and Manetas 1999	–
	<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
	<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	+
	<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Tarragona, Spain	Ogaya and Peñuelas 2003	–
	<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
	<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Guadalajara, Spain	Valladares et al. 2008	–
	<i>Quercus suber</i>	Montpellier, France	Cavender-Bares et al. 2005	+
Conifers				
	<i>Abies balsamea</i>	St. Paul, MN, USA	Verhoeven et al. 2009	–
	<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Huelva, Spain	Ain-Lhout et al. 2004	+
	<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
	<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Barcelona, Spain	Prieto et al. 2009	–
	<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Teruel, Spain	Baquadano and Castillo 2007	–
	<i>Pinus pinea</i>	Northern Plateau, Spain	Pardos et al. 2010	–
	<i>Pinus strobus</i>	St. Paul, MN, USA	Verhoeven et al. 2009	–

Table A2. Results from the analyses of covariance (ANCOVA) for stomatal conductance (g_s), percent loss of hydraulic conductivity (PLC) and photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (F_v / F_m) at sites without summer drought and with summer drought. Explanatory variables included temperature (T) and functional type of temperate woody species (FT: deciduous angiosperm, evergreen angiosperm and conifer) and the interaction among them. The adjusted R^2 value and significance of the model (p-value) are indicated for each model

g_s		DF	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F-value	p-value
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.55$; $p < 0.0001$	T	1	688.95	688.95	50.26	< 0.0001
	FT	2	56.98	28.49	2.08	0.13
	T $\times$ FT	2	524.85	262.42	19.15	< 0.0001
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.36$; $p < 0.0001$	T	1	57.67	57.67	4.61	0.034
	FT	2	503.66	251.83	20.15	< 0.0001
	T $\times$ FT	2	284.67	142.34	11.39	< 0.0001
PLC						
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.47$; $p < 0.0001$	T	1	52.96	52.96	16.87	0.0001
	FT	2	136.44	68.22	21.73	< 0.0001
	T $\times$ FT	2	4.76	2.38	0.76	0.47
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.57$; $p = 0.003$	T	1	8.13	8.13	3.55	0.07
	FT	2	45.08	22.54	9.84	0.001
	T $\times$ FT	2	6.94	3.47	1.51	0.24
F_v / F_m						
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.74$; $p < 0.0001$	T	1	4.09	4.09	108.75	< 0.0001
	FT	2	3.49	1.75	46.38	< 0.0001
	T $\times$ FT	2	1.20	0.60	15.96	< 0.0001
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.74$; $p < 0.0001$	T	1	0.59	0.59	27.45	< 0.0001
	FT	2	1.83	0.91	42.84	< 0.0001
	T $\times$ FT	2	1.53	0.77	35.90	< 0.0001

Table A3. Results from the analyses of covariance (ANCOVA) for stomatal conductance (g_s), percent loss of hydraulic conductivity (PLC) and photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (F_v / F_m) at sites without summer drought and with summer drought. Explanatory variables included VPD (kPa) and functional type of temperate woody species (FT: deciduous angiosperm, evergreen angiosperm and conifer) and the interaction among them. The adjusted R^2 value and significance of the model (p-value) are indicated for each model

g_s		DF	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F-value	p-value
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.41$; $p < 0.0001$	VPD	1	393.5	393.5	21.68	< 0.0001
	FT	2	11.54	5.77	0.32	0.73
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	527.51	263.76	15.77	< 0.0001
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.32$; $p < 0.0001$	VPD	1	6.01	6.01	0.45	0.5
	FT	2	559.51	279.7	21.15	< 0.0001
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	203.51	101.75	7.69	0.0007
PLC						
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.40$; $p < 0.0001$	VPD	1	42.53	42.54	11.99	0.0009
	FT	2	123.82	61.91	17.45	< 0.0001
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	3.29	1.65	0.46	0.63
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.46$; $p = 0.003$	VPD	1	8.55	8.55	3.73	0.07
	FT	2	43.75	21.87	9.54	0.001
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	7.83	3.92	1.71	0.21
F_v / F_m						
Without summer drought $R^2 = 0.56$; $p < 0.0001$	VPD	1	2.66	2.66	41.44	< 0.0001
	FT	2	3.32	1.66	25.9	< 0.0001
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	0.83	0.41	6.52	0.002
With summer drought $R^2 = 0.58$; $p < 0.0001$	VPD	1	0.51	0.51	14.97	< 0.0001
	FT	2	1.69	0.85	24.72	< 0.0001
	VPD $\times$ FT	2	0.99	0.49	14.35	< 0.0001

Table A4. Mean maximum conduit diameter (μm) of each of the case study species based on data averaged across studied sites in the published literature

Species	Mean maximum conduit diameter (μm)	References
<i>Q. ilex</i>	170 ± 20.8	Corcuera et al. 2004a, Micco et al. 2008, Albuixech et al. 2012
<i>Q. faginea</i>	270 ± 90	Corcuera et al. 2004b, Albuixech et al. 2012
<i>P. nigra</i>	47.0 ± 26.0	Froux et al. 2002, Esteban et al. 2011
<i>J. thurifera</i>	20.1 ± 1.9	DeSoto et al. 2011, Olano et al. 2012

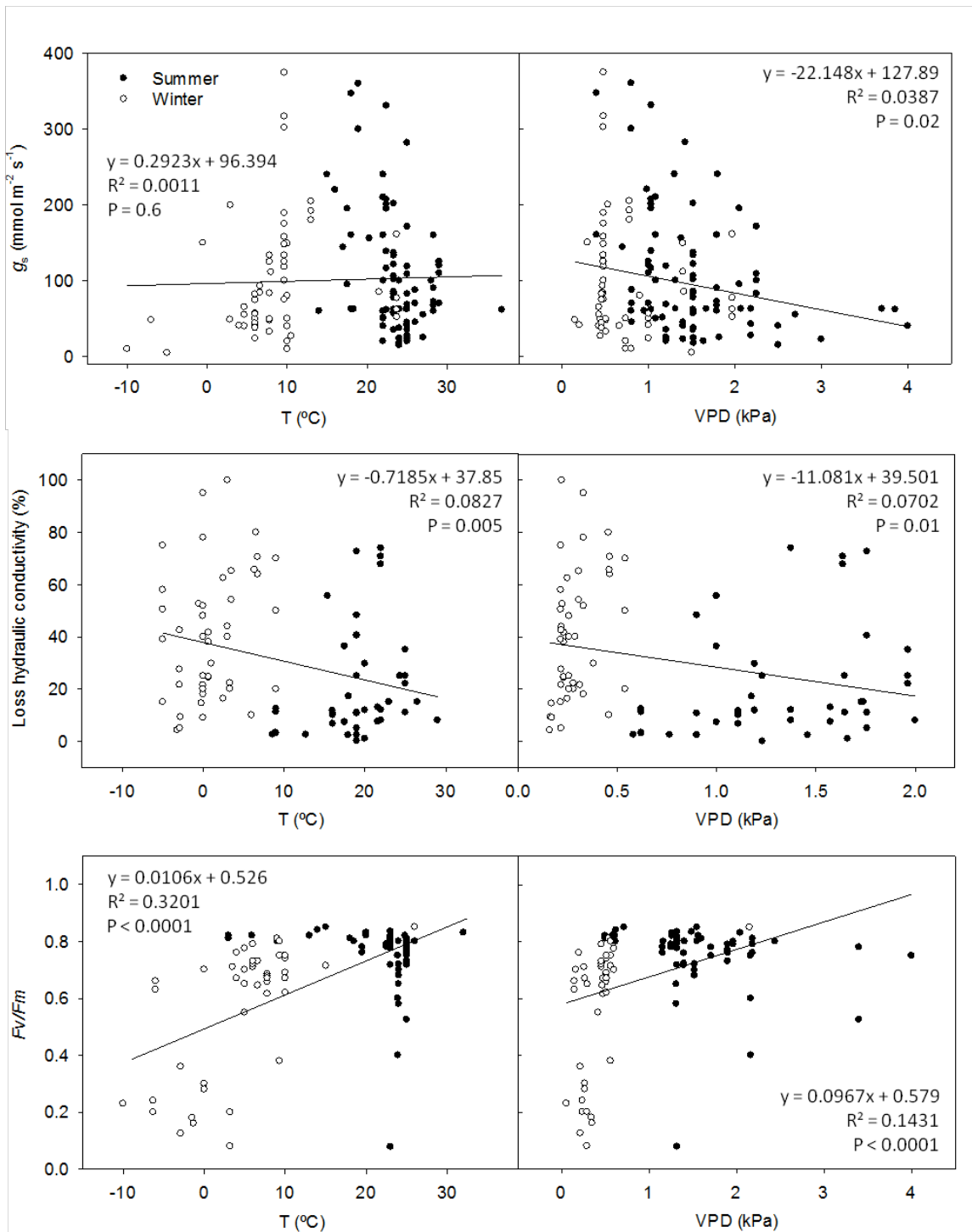


Figure A1. Linear regressions relating the physiological variables: stomatal conductance (g_s), percent loss of hydraulic conductivity (PLC) and photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (F_v/F_m) as a function of temperature (T, °C) and vapor pressure deficit (VPD, kPa). Data for summer months are represented by open circles and that for winter months by closed circles.

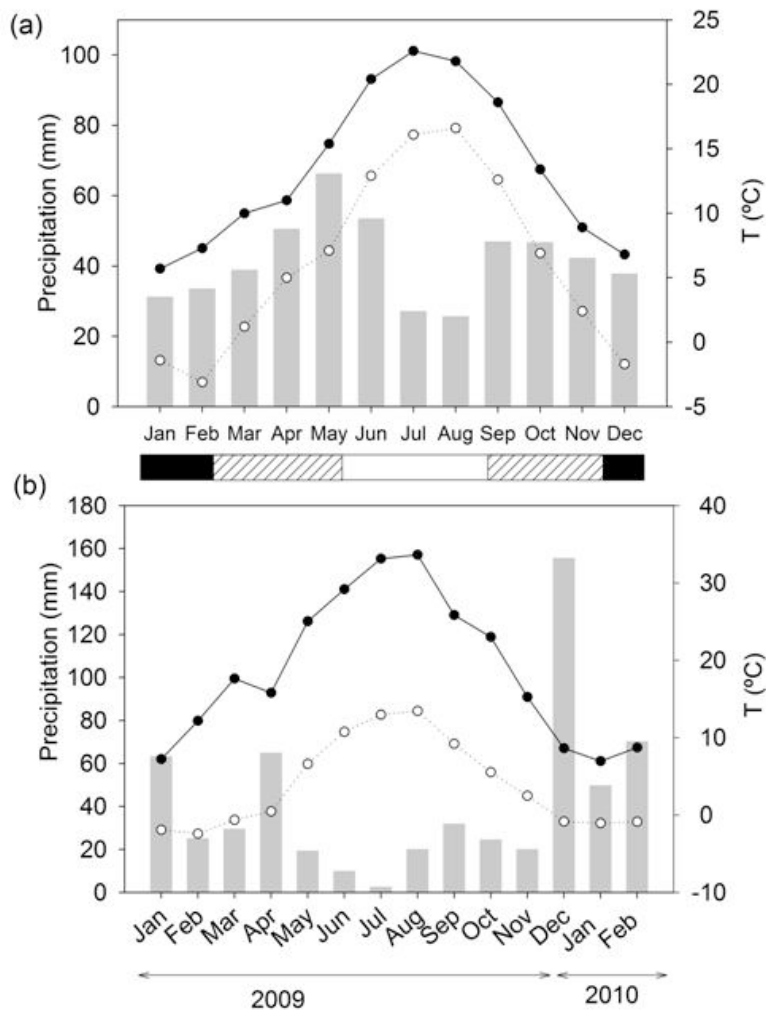


Figure A2. (a) Climatic diagram of the meteorological station closest to the study site at Molina de Aragón, Spain ($40^{\circ}50'40''\text{N}$, $1^{\circ}53'07''\text{W}$, 1063 m a.s.l.) for the period 1951–2007. Filled and dashed portions of the horizontal lower bar indicate the periods with certain and possible frost, respectively. (b) Meteorological data for 2009 and winter 2010 from the installed meteorological station at the study site. Vertical bars represent mean monthly precipitation, and the mean maximum and minimum temperatures are represented by continuous and dotted line, respectively.

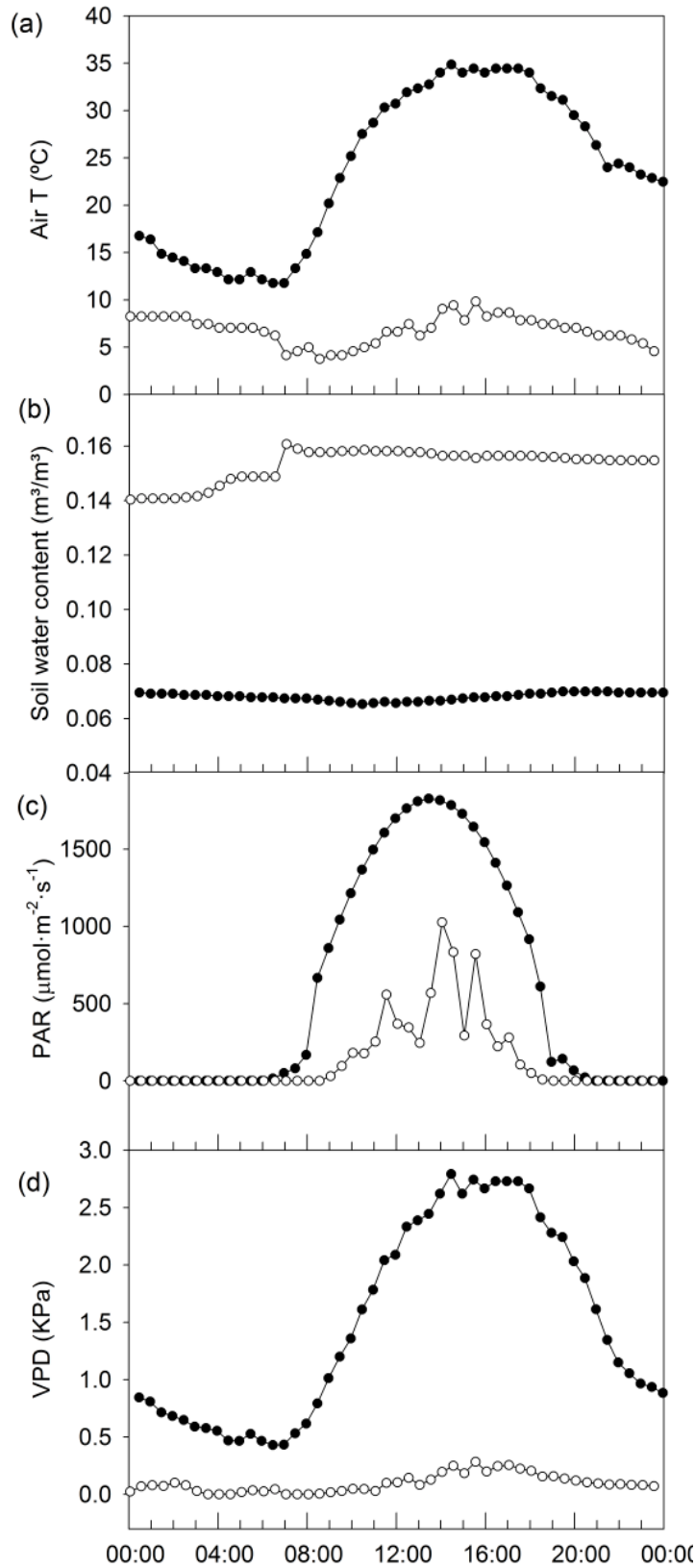


Figure A3. Diurnal changes in (a) air temperature (°C), (b) soil water content ($\text{m}^3 \text{m}^{-3}$), (c) photosynthetically active radiation (PAR, $\mu\text{mol} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$) and (d) vapor pressure deficit (VPD, kPa) during a typical day during summer (closed symbols) and winter (open symbols) in Alto Tajo Natural Park (central Spain).

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